





# European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing

12 April 2011

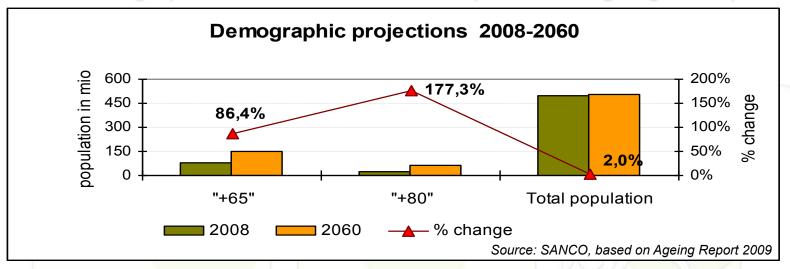
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### Rationale for EIP on Active and Healthy Ageing

Demographic and macroeconomic implications- ageing society



#### Budget constraints & unsustainable care systems in the EU 27

- Total health spending EU average of 9.6% of GDP in 2008
- Total aged-related spending is projected to ↑ by 4.75% points of GDP by 2060
- Shrinking workforce in the care sector and insufficient number of health specialists

#### Innovation and health

Great potential and promise of health in innovation capacity, but... a number of bottlenecks and barriers, on demand and supply side





### **EIP on AHA – a novel concept**

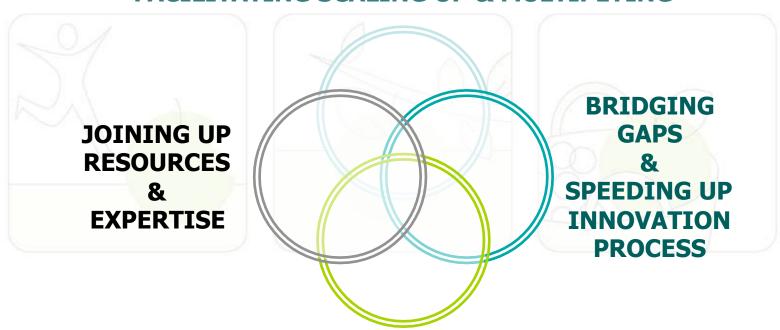
- Announced in Europe 2020 flagship initiative on Innovation Union
  - => contributing to **smart growth** based on knowledge and innovation
  - => tackling societal challenges, e.g. ageing and health
  - => enhancing Europe's competitiveness and fostering economic growth
  - => addressing the weaknesses and removing obstacles in the European innovation system
- Is not a new instrument, but aims to provide a coordinated framework for definition and monitoring of actions
- Seeking to optimise and streamline the use of existing tools, under a single, coherent and integrated framework
- Bringing together actors at all levels and sectors to mobilise available resources and expertise
- Defining a common vision in achieving common objectives and goals
- Speeding up the innovation process from research to market by removing bottlenecks and barriers and leveraging the demand-supply
- Scaling up and multiply successful innovation at EU level





### Added value of the EIP

#### **FACILITATING SCALING UP & MULTIPLYING**



**IMPROVING FRAMEWORK CONDITIONS** 





### **Objectives and headline target**

### **Headline target by 2020**

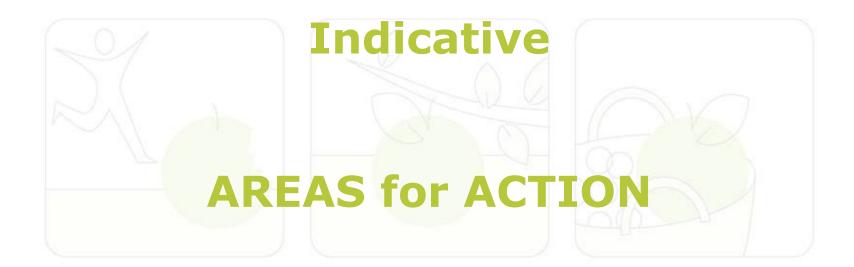
Increasing the number of healthy life years (HLYs) by 2 in the EU on average

### A triple win for Europe

- Enabling EU citizens to lead healthy, active and independent lives until old age
- Improving the sustainability and efficiency of social and health care systems
- Developing and deploying innovative solutions, thus fostering competitiveness and market growth











#### **Indicative action area 1**

#### Innovation in support of PEOPLE'S HEALTH AND WELL-BEING

# Main objectives

 ageing-related chronic diseases such as Alzheimer's, diabetes, cancer, Parkinson's

# Examples of bottlenecks & barriers

- · little response to demand pull for innovation
- scattered research and studies in MS
- · insufficient exchange of best practices and guidelines
- delays in authorisation procedures
- · under-representation of older people in clinical trials

# Potential intervention fields

- prevention
- early diagnosis and screening
- Treatment; medicines (inc. personalised medicine)
- clinical trials
- own health management and monitoring (tele-care, tele monitoring





#### Indicative action area 2

# Innovation in support of COLLABORATIVE AND INTEGRATED CARE SYSTEMS AND SERVICES FOR OLDER PEOPLE

# Main objectives

- more integrated approach to care delivery
- improved cost-efficiency and sustainability of health systems

# Examples of bottlenecks & barriers

- · mismatch of supply and demand
- · care structure rigidity to adapt to changing conditions
- · slow innovation of existing business models
- incomplete skill-set of care providers

# Potential intervention fields

- continuum of care
- home-& self-care, long-term care
- large scale tailoring and deployment of proved pilots (e.g. e-Health, ICT)
- rainings & capacity building for health & care workforce
- social innovation
- EU wide cooperation on HTA





#### **Indicative action area 3**

# Innovation in PRODUCTS AND SERVICES FOR ACTIVE & INDEPENDENT AGEING

#### more independent and active life of older people Main **objectives** business opportunities for enterprises lack or ineffective interoperability **Examples of** lack of standards bottlenecks fragmentation - different legal, reimbursement and & barriers certification schemes weak links between demand and supply global standards for better interoperability of innovative solutions for older people, **Potential** more efficient and innovative use of public procurement intervention schemes (inc. pre-commercial procurement) fields

innovation process

greater involvement of users from the outset of the





# GOVERNANCE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS FOR RESEARCH AND INNOVATION IN THE AREA OF ACTIVE AND HEALTHY AGEING

#### **SUPPLY SIDE INSTRUMENTS**

#### FP7 2007-2013 51 bln euro

#### Cooperation

Health - 6.1 bln euro Food – 1.9 bln euro ICT Challenge 5 - 37 mln euro Socio-economic Scinces and Humanities – 601 mln euro

#### **Capacitites**

Research for the Benefit of SMEs – 1.35 mln euro Regions of Knowledge – 126 mln euro

#### **People**

Marie Curie Actions – 4.7 bln euro

### Euroepan Research Council (ERC)

Ideas – 7.4 bln euro
Proof of Concept Funding Initiative–10
mln euro

#### **R&D Instruments**

Assisted Ambient Living (AAL) JP

700 mln euro (2008-2013)

JPI on Neurogenerative Diseases-JPND

2.63 mln euro

ETPs-European
Technology Platforms

IMI (Innovative medicine Initiative)

2 bln euro (2007-2013)

#### EUREKA – Eurostars Programme

100 mln euro FP7 + 300 mln euro Eurostars MSs (2008-2013)

#### Education, Employment, Entrepreneurship

Leonardo da Vinci Programme

1.7 bln euro

#### **PROGRESS**

Community Programme for Employment and Social Solidarity – 743.25 mln euro

EPMF (European Progress Microfinance Facility)

200 mln euro (2010-2018)

## RSFF (Risk Sharing Finance Facility)

1 bln euro EIB + 1 bln euro FP7 (2007-2013)

# CIP 2007-2013 3.621 mln euro

## ICT Policy Support Programme

Theme 3: ICT for Health and Inclusion – 14 mln euro (2010)

### **Entrepreneurship and Innovation Programme**

#### **Financial Instruments:**

GIF (Growth and innovative facility)

– 505 mln euro

SMEG (SME guarantee facility) –

506 mln euro
Enterprise Europe Network (EEN)
– 320 mln euro

#### **DEMAND SIDE INSTRUMENTS**

#### STRUCTURAL FUNDS 2007-2013 347 bln euro

European Social Fund (ESF)
European Regional Development Fund
(ERDF)

287 bln euro (2007-2013)

### European Territorial Cooperation Examples of programmes

NTERREG IVC-321 mln euro
INTERREG IVCB North West Europe-321 mln euro
Baltic Sea Region Programme- 321 mln euro

JASPERS (Joint Assistance to support Projects in European Regions)

#### **DEMAND SIDE INSTRUMENTS**

# LMI (Lead Market Initiative)

Health sector

2<sup>nd</sup> PHP (Public Health Programme)

321.5 mln euro (2007-2013)





# Partnership possible outcomes – targets

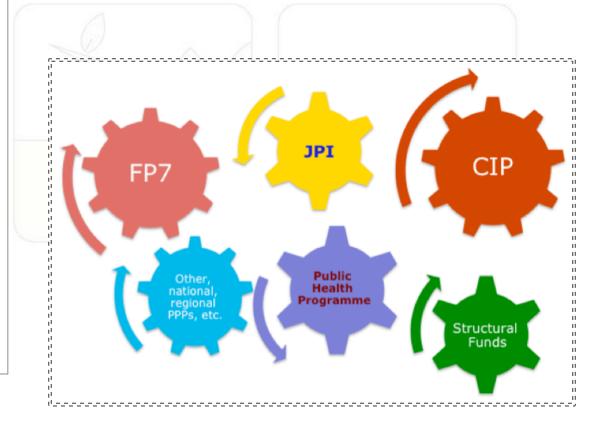
- Reducing **disability** rates in older populations
- Improving health and quality of life status
- Reducing the cost of illness in the long term

=> eventually contributing to ↑ EU average HLYs by 2 by 2020

### Aligning and building synergies

**Coordination**- one single coherent framework across the entire R&D&I chain

**Partnership contribution** - implementation of actions







# GOVERNANCE AND PROCESS





### STEERING GROUP (SG)

#### Role

- High –level political and sectoral advocacy
- Sustained and long-term commitment
- Drawing up a strategic implementation plan (SIP)

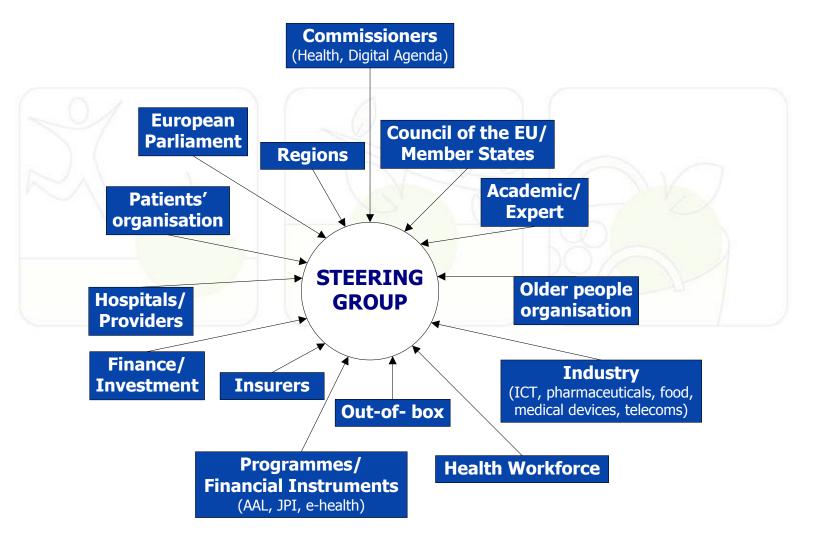
#### Tasks

- Identification of main barriers and measures to overcome them
- Identification of priority areas, based on consultation results and identified bottlenecks
- Mapping of the existing instruments and programmes needed to overcome bottlenecks and remove barriers
- Identification of commitments for stakeholders reflected in the SIP
- Identification of clear and concrete short, medium and long terms milestones Monitoring of the progress, based on a set of sound indicators and targets





# Composition of the SG 34 members







# Thank you for your attention